1 2 3 4 5 6 7	STEVEN BENITO RUSSO, SBN 104858 Chief of Enforcement LUISA MENCHACA, SBN 123842 General Counsel WILLIAM L. WILLIAMS, JR., SBN 99581 Commission Counsel HOLLY B. ARMSTRONG, SBN 155142 Commission Counsel FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION 428 J Street, Suite 620 Sacramento, CA 95814 Telephone: (916) 322-5660 Facsimile: (916) 322-1932			
8	Attorneys for Plaintiff			
9				
10	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA			
11	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO			
12				
13	FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION,) Case No. 02AS04545 a state agency,			
14) SECOND AMENDED Plaintiff,) COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL			
15) PENALTIES AND INJUNCTIVE v.) RELIEF UNDER THE POLITICAL			
16) REFORM ACT OF 1974, AS AGUA CALIENTE BAND OF CAHUILLA) AMENDED			
17	INDIANS, and DOES I-XX,) (Government Code §§ 91001(b),			
18	Defendants.) 91003(a), 91004 and 91005.5)			
19	Ú UNLIMITED CIVIL ACTION			
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21	Plaintiff, FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION, a state agency, alleges as follows:			
22	1. Plaintiff brings this action in the public interest to enforce the provisions of the Political			
23	Reform Act of 1974. (Government Code sections 81000 through 91014.)			
24	CAMPAIGN DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS			
25	2. An express purpose of the Political Reform Act of 1974 (the "Act"), as set forth in			
26	Government Code section 81002, subdivision (a), is to ensure that the contributions and expenditures			
27	affecting California election campaigns are fully and truthfully disclosed to the public in order that			
28	voters may be fully informed, and improper practices may be inhibited.			
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3. In furtherance of this purpose of disclosure, the Act sets forth a comprehensive campaign reporting system, designed to disclose to the public in a timely manner pre-election activity by major donors to California political candidates and committees. (Gov. Code section 84200, et seq.) LOBBYING DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS

- 4. Another express purpose of the Act, as set forth in Government Code section 81002, subdivision (b), is to ensure that the activities of lobbyists are regulated, and that their finances are disclosed, in order that lobbyists do not exert improper influence on public officials.
- 5. In furtherance of these purposes of regulation and disclosure regarding lobbying activities, Government Code section 86100, et seq., establishes a registration and reporting system for lobbyists, lobbying firms, and lobbyist employers. As a part of this system, Government Code section 86116 requires lobbyist employers to file periodic reports about their lobbyist employer activities. Under section 86116, subdivision (d), these periodic reports shall contain "[a] description of the specific lobbying interests of the filer."

CIVIL ENFORCEMENT

6. Government Code section 91004 provides that any person who intentionally or negligently violates any of the reporting requirements of the Act shall be liable in a civil action in an amount up to the amount(s) not properly reported. Government Code section 91005.5 provides that any person who violates any provision of the Act, except sections 84305, 84307, and 89001, for which no specific civil penalty is provided, shall be liable in a civil action for a fine in an amount up to five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per violation. Government Code section 91003, subdivision (a) provides for injunctive relief to enjoin violations or compel compliance with the Act. Government Code section 81002 provides that the Act will be vigorously enforced.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

7. This court has original jurisdiction over the amount in controversy in this matter. As the causes of action in this matter occurred in connection with campaign statements that should have been filed with the Office of the California Secretary of State (the "Secretary of State"), located in the County of Sacramento, the County of Sacramento is the proper venue for this action, pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 393.

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PARTIES

PLAINTIFF FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION

8. Plaintiff Fair Political Practices Commission (the "Commission") is a state agency created by the Act. The Commission has primary responsibility for the impartial, effective administration and implementation of the Act. (Gov. Code section 83111.) Pursuant to Government Code section 91001, subdivision (b), the Commission is the civil prosecutor for matters involving state committees and state election campaigns, and is authorized to maintain this action under Government Code sections 91001, subdivision (b), 91004, 91005 and 91005.5.

DEFENDANT AGUA CALIENTE BAND OF CAHUILLA INDIANS

- 9. Defendant Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians (the "Agua Caliente Band") is a federally recognized Indian Tribe, and a person as defined in Government Code section 82047.
- 10. On and between January 1, 1998 and June 30, 1998, Defendant Agua Caliente Band injected itself into the political affairs of the People of the State of California by making campaign contributions totaling at least \$1,218,413 to California political candidates and committees. Based on the amount of the contributions known to have been made by Defendant Agua Caliente Band to California political candidates and committees during that period, Defendant Agua Caliente Band was a major donor committee under Government Code section 82013, subdivision (c), for the 1998 calendar year.
- 11. During the 1998 calendar year, from January 1, 1998 to December 31, 1998, Defendant Agua Caliente Band made contributions totaling at least \$7,510,177.44. In 1998, Defendant Agua Caliente Band made contributions to statewide ballot initiatives and to more than 140 candidates for elective state office, including, but not limited to, at least 135 candidates for the Assembly or the Senate, and candidates for the offices of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, Insurance Commissioner, State Treasurer, and Secretary of State, and to a candidate for the Board of Equalization.
- 12. On and between January 1, 2001 and June 30, 2001, Defendant Agua Caliente Band again injected itself into the political affairs of the People of the State of California by making contributions totaling at least \$175,250 to California political candidates and committees. Based on the

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amount of contributions known to have been made by Defendant Agua Caliente Band to California political candidates and committees during that period, Defendant Agua Caliente Band was a major donor committee under Government Code section 82013, subdivision (c), for the 2001 calendar year. During the 2001 calendar year, Defendant Agua Caliente Band made contributions to more than 100 candidates for elective state office, including, but not limited to, candidates for the state Legislature and for the offices of Governor, Attorney General, State Treasurer, and Secretary of State, and to a candidate for the Board of Equalization.

- 13. On and between January 1, 2002 and June 30, 2002, Defendant Agua Caliente Band again injected itself into the political affairs of the People of the State of California by making contributions totaling at least \$426,000 to California political candidates and committees. Based on the amount of contributions known to have been made by Defendant Agua Caliente Band to California political candidates and committees during that period, Defendant Agua Caliente Band has qualified as a major donor committee under Government Code section 82013, subdivision (c), for the 2002 calendar year. To date during the 2002 calendar year, Defendant Agua Caliente Band has made contributions to more than 100 candidates for elective state office, including, but not limited to, candidates for the Assembly and the Senate, and for the offices of Governor, Attorney General, and State Treasurer, and to a candidate for the Board of Equalization.
- 14. On and between January 1, 2001 and March 31, 2001, Defendant Agua Caliente Band contracted for paid services of a lobbying firm for the purpose of influencing legislative or administrative action. By contracting for said services, Defendant Agua Caliente Band qualified as a lobbyist employer under Government Code section 82039.5, subdivision (b).

DEFENDANTS DOES I-XX

15. Defendants DOE I through DOE XX are sued herein under fictitious names. Their true names and capacities are unknown to Plaintiff. When said true names and capacities are ascertained, Plaintiff will amend this complaint by inserting their true names and capacities herein. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that each of the fictitiously named Defendants is legally responsible in some manner for the violations of the Act alleged herein.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(TWO VIOLATIONS-FAILURE TO FILE SEMI-ANNUAL CAMPAIGN STATEMENTS)

16. Plaintiff re-alleges, and incorporates herein, paragraphs one through fifteen, as though set forth at length.

FAILURE TO FILE A SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT BY JULY 31, 1998

- 17. Pursuant to Government Code section 84200, Defendant Agua Caliente Band, as a major donor committee, was required to file a semi-annual campaign statement with the Secretary of State by July 31, 1998, reporting all of the contributions that it made to California candidates and committees during the campaign reporting period January 1, 1998 through June 30, 1998.
- 18. Defendant Agua Caliente Band and Defendants Doe I through Doe XX (hereinafter collectively referred to as "Defendant Agua Caliente Band") made contributions to California candidates and committees totaling at least \$1,218,413 during the period January 1, 1998 through June 30, 1998.
- 19. Defendant Agua Caliente Band did not file a semi-annual campaign statement with the Secretary of State, for the January 1, 1998 through June 30, 1998 campaign reporting period, by the July 31, 1998 due date, in violation of Government Code section 84200. Defendant Agua Caliente Band filed no campaign statement for the subject reporting period until October 2000, more than two years after the due date. By this action, Defendant Agua Caliente Band precluded full and timely disclosure to the public of necessary campaign finance information concerning potential influence on legislators, statewide elective officers, candidates, and statewide propositions, which was information that voters could have used to assist them in making informed decisions in subsequent elections.

FAILURE TO FILE A SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT BY JANUARY 31, 1999

- 20. Pursuant to Government Code section 84200, Defendant Agua Caliente Band, as a major donor committee, was required to file a semi-annual campaign statement with the Secretary of State by January 31, 1999, reporting all of the contributions that it made to candidates and committees during the campaign reporting period July 1, 1998 through December 31, 1998.

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- 21. Defendant Agua Caliente Band made contributions to candidates and committees totaling at least \$6,291,764 during the campaign reporting period July 1, 1998 through December 31, 1998.
- 22. Defendant Agua Caliente Band did not file a semi-annual campaign statement with the Secretary of State, for the July 1, 1998 through December 31, 1998 reporting period, by the January 31, 1999 due date, in violation of Government Code section 84200. Defendant Agua Caliente Band untimely filed a semi-annual campaign statement for the subject reporting period on March 8, 1999, but only filed a final amended statement on November 27, 2000, nearly two years after the original due date.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(ONE VIOLATION-FAILURE TO REPORT A CONTRIBUTION TO A STATEWIDE BALLOT MEASURE COMMITTEE ON A SEMI-ANNUAL CAMPAIGN STATEMENT)

- 23. Plaintiff re-alleges, and incorporates herein, paragraphs one through twenty-two, as though set forth at length.
- 24. Pursuant to Government Code section 84200, Defendant Agua Caliente Band, as a major donor committee, was required to file a semi-annual campaign statement with the Secretary of State by July 31, 2002, reporting all of the contributions that it made to California candidates and committees during the campaign reporting period January 1, 2002 through June 30, 2002.
- 25. Pursuant to Government Code section 84211, said semi-annual campaign statement was required to include the total amount of contributions of \$100 or more made by Defendant. Further, for each contribution of \$100 or more to a statewide ballot measure committee, the campaign statement was required to disclose the name of the recipient of the contribution, his or her address, the amount of the contribution, a brief description of the consideration for which the contribution was made, the date of the contribution, the number of the ballot measure, and the jurisdiction in which the ballot measure was being voted upon.
- 26. Yes on Proposition 51, Conservationists, Farmers, Home Builders, Native Americans, Higher Education, Community Groups Seeking Safe and Reliable Transportation, a Project of the Planning and Conservation League (hereafter "Yes on 51") was, at all times relevant herein, a state

ballot measure committee, primarily formed to support the passage of Proposition 51 in the November 2002 general election. Proposition 51 proposes that sales and use taxes from the sale or lease of motor vehicles be re-directed to finance specified transportation and other projects. Timely disclosure of the contributions supporting this measure is therefore especially important, so that voters may be able to evaluate who might stand to gain from passage of the measure. Among the projects provided for under Proposition 51 is the expenditure of \$15 million in public funds per fiscal year, for eight years, for a passenger rail line from Los Angeles to Palm Springs and Indio, that will include a rail terminal on Ramon Road in the mid-Valley section of the Coachella Valley, and improvements to an existing rail terminal in Palm Springs. Defendant Agua Caliente Band operates a casino on Ramon Road at Bob Hope Drive, in the mid-Valley section of the Coachella Valley, and another casino in Palm Springs.

- 27. On or about March 13, 2002, Defendant Agua Caliente Band issued a \$125,000 check, from its Economic Development fund, made payable to the "Planning & Conservation League." A voucher attached to the check describes the expenditure as "Ramon/Bob Hope/Train Ter" and as a "2nd Installment."
- 28. On the quarterly campaign statement that it filed electronically on or about July 31, 2002, for the reporting period January 1, 2002 through March 31, 2002, Yes on 51 reported the \$125,000 check issued by Defendant Agua Caliente Band on March 13, 2002, as a contribution from "Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians Economic Development."
- 29. Based on the foregoing, Plaintiff alleges, on information and belief, that on or about March 13, 2002, Defendant Agua Caliente Band made a contribution of \$125,000, from its Economic Development fund, designated for Yes on Proposition 51, with the Planning and Conservation League serving as an intermediary for that contribution. Defendant Agua Caliente Band did not disclose this contribution or any other statutorily required information regarding it, on Defendant Agua Caliente Band's semi-annual campaign statement, that was filed on or about July 31, 2002, for the reporting period January 1, 2002 through June 30, 2002. Further, Defendant Agua Caliente Band misreported the total amount of the contributions that it made for this reporting period by at least \$125,000.

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THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(THIRTEEN VIOLATIONS-FAILURE TO DISCLOSE LATE CONTRIBUTIONS IN LATE CONTRIBUTION REPORTS)

- 30. Plaintiff re-alleges, and incorporates herein, paragraphs one through twenty-nine, as though set forth at length.
- 31. Pursuant to Government Code section 84203, subdivision (b), when a major donor committee makes a late contribution, the major donor committee must file a late contribution report with the Secretary of State within 24 hours of making the contribution, disclosing the contribution.
- 32. Government Code section 82036 defines a "late contribution" as a contribution aggregating \$1,000 or more that is received before an election, but after the closing date of the last preelection statement that is required to be filed.
- 33. Under Government Code sections 82036, 84200.7 and 84200.8, the late contribution reporting period prior to an election is the last 16 days before the election.
- 34. A contribution includes a payment for goods and services received by, or made at the behest of, a committee primarily formed to support or oppose a ballot measure or proposition. (Gov. Code sections 82015, 82044.) Such contributions of goods and services are denominated, for campaign reporting purposes, as in-kind contributions. (Gov. Code sections 84203.3, 84300.)
- 35. As set forth herein, from July 1, 1998 through June 30, 2002, Defendant Agua Caliente Band failed to report at least 13 late contributions totaling in aggregate more than \$1,000,000.

FAILURE TO REPORT A \$41,144.92 LATE CONTRIBUTION BY OCTOBER 21, 1998

- 36. The late contribution reporting period for the November 3, 1998 general election was from October 18, 1998 through November 2, 1998, inclusive.
- 37. Yes on Proposition 5, Californians for Indian Self-Reliance was, at all times relevant herein, a state ballot measure committee, primarily formed to support the passage of Proposition 5 in the November 1998 general election. Proposition 5, approved by a majority of California voters, set a record in 1998 as the most expensive initiative campaign to that point in California history, with \$92,000,000 spent collectively to qualify, support and oppose the initiative. Proposition 5 set the terms for a model gambling compact between the state and tribes, specifying, among other provisions, that

certain gambling activities that are otherwise illegal in California are legal in Indian casinos, including video slot machines, certain card games, lotteries, raffles, and off-track parimutuel betting, and included a waiver of the State of California's sovereign immunity. Defendant Agua Caliente Band contributed more than \$2,300,000 to support the passage of Proposition 5 in 1998, and was among the top five contributors in support of the initiative.

- 38. On or about October 20, 1998, Defendant Agua Caliente Band made a late in-kind contribution of \$41,144.92 to the committee, Yes on Proposition 5, Californians for Indian Self-Reliance.
- 39. After making the \$41,144.92 late in-kind contribution, Defendant Agua Caliente Band had a duty to disclose the late in-kind contribution in a late contribution report that was required to be filed with the Secretary of State no later than October 21, 1998. Defendant Agua Caliente Band did not disclose the \$41,144.92 late in-kind contribution in a late contribution report filed with the Secretary of State by the October 21, 1998 due date, in violation of Government Code section 84203, subdivision (a).
- 40. Under the Act's campaign reporting scheme, late contribution reports provide critical information to the public and the voters regarding 11th-hour efforts to influence an election through large contributions just before an election. By Defendant Agua Caliente Band's actions, the public and the voters were deprived of this critical information prior to the November 1998 general election.

FAILURE TO REPORT A \$151,501.77 LATE CONTRIBUTION BY OCTOBER 22, 1998

- 41. On or about October 21, 1998, Defendant Agua Caliente Band made a late in-kind contribution of \$151,501.77 to the committee, Yes on Proposition 5, Californians for Indian Self-Reliance.
- 42. After making the \$151,501.77 late in-kind contribution, Defendant Agua Caliente Band had a duty to disclose the late in-kind contribution in a late contribution report that was required to be filed with the Secretary of State no later than October 22, 1998. Defendant Agua Caliente Band did not disclose the \$151,501.77 late in-kind contribution in a late contribution report filed with the Secretary of State by the October 22, 1998 due date, in violation of Government Code section 84203, subdivision (a).

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43. Under the Act's campaign reporting scheme, late contribution reports provide critical information to the public and the voters regarding 11th-hour efforts to influence an election through large contributions just before an election. By Defendant Agua Caliente Band's actions, the public and the voters were deprived of this critical information prior to the November 1998 general election.

FAILURE TO REPORT A \$7,830.60 LATE CONTRIBUTION BY OCTOBER 23, 1998

- 44. On or about October 22, 1998, Defendant Agua Caliente Band made a late in-kind contribution of \$7,830.60 to the committee, Yes on Proposition 5, Californians for Indian Self-Reliance.
- 45. After making the \$7,830.60 late in-kind contribution, Defendant Agua Caliente Band had a duty to disclose the late in-kind contribution in a late contribution report that was required to be filed with the Secretary of State no later than October 23, 1998. Defendant Agua Caliente Band did not disclose the \$7,830.60 late in-kind contribution in a late contribution report filed with the Secretary of State by the October 23, 1998 due date, in violation of Government Code section 84203, subdivision (a).
- 46. Under the Act's campaign reporting scheme, late contribution reports provide critical information to the public and the voters regarding 11th-hour efforts to influence an election through large contributions just before an election. By Defendant Agua Caliente Band's actions, the public and the voters were deprived of this critical information prior to the November 1998 general election.

FAILURE TO REPORT A \$121,391.14 LATE CONTRIBUTION BY OCTOBER 30, 1998

- 47. On or about October 29, 1998, Defendant Agua Caliente Band made a late in-kind contribution of \$121,391.14 to the committee, Yes on Proposition 5, Californians for Indian Self-Reliance.
- 48. After making the \$121,391.14 late in-kind contribution, Defendant Agua Caliente Band had a duty to disclose the late in-kind contribution in a late contribution report that was required to be filed with the Secretary of State no later than October 30, 1998. Defendant Agua Caliente Band did not disclose the \$121,391.14 late in-kind contribution in a late contribution report filed with the Secretary of State by the October 30, 1998 due date, in violation of Government Code section 84203, subdivision (a).

49. Under the Act's campaign reporting scheme, late contribution reports provide critical information to the public and the voters regarding 11th-hour efforts to influence an election through large contributions just before an election. By Defendant Agua Caliente Band's actions, the public and the voters were deprived of this critical information prior to the November 1998 general election.

FAILURE TO REPORT A \$14,396.22 LATE CONTRIBUTION BY OCTOBER 30, 1998

- 50. On or about October 29, 1998, Defendant Agua Caliente Band made a late in-kind contribution of \$14,396.22 to the committee, Yes on Proposition 5, Californians for Indian Self-Reliance.
- 51. After making the \$14,396.22 late in-kind contribution, Defendant Agua Caliente Band had a duty to disclose the late in-kind contribution in a late contribution report that was required to be filed with the Secretary of State no later than October 30, 1998. Defendant Agua Caliente Band did not disclose the \$14,396.22 late in-kind contribution in a late contribution report filed with the Secretary of State by the October 30, 1998 due date, in violation of Government Code section 84203, subdivision (a).
- 52. Under the Act's campaign reporting scheme, late contribution reports provide critical information to the public and the voters regarding 11th-hour efforts to influence an election through large contributions just before an election. By Defendant Agua Caliente Band's actions, the public and the voters were deprived of this critical information prior to the November 1998 general election.

FAILURE TO REPORT A \$13,927.70 LATE CONTRIBUTION BY OCTOBER 30, 1998

- 53. On or about October 29, 1998, Defendant Agua Caliente Band made a late in-kind contribution of \$13,927.70 to the committee, Yes on Proposition 5, Californians for Indian Self-Reliance.
- 54. After making the \$13,927.70 late in-kind contribution, Defendant Agua Caliente Band had a duty to disclose the late in-kind contribution in a late contribution report that was required to be filed with the Secretary of State no later than October 30, 1998. Defendant Agua Caliente Band did not disclose the \$13,927.70 late in-kind contribution in a late contribution report filed with the Secretary of State by the October 30, 1998 due date, in violation of Government Code section 84203, subdivision (a).

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55. Under the Act's campaign reporting scheme, late contribution reports provide critical information to the public and the voters regarding 11th-hour efforts to influence an election through large contributions just before an election. By Defendant Agua Caliente Band's actions, the public and the voters were deprived of this critical information prior to the November 1998 general election.

FAILURE TO REPORT AN \$8,820.00 LATE CONTRIBUTION BY OCTOBER 30, 1998

- 56. On or about October 29, 1998, Defendant Agua Caliente Band made a late in-kind contribution of \$8,820.00 to the committee, Yes on Proposition 5, Californians for Indian Self-Reliance.
- 57. After making the \$8,820.00 late in-kind contribution, Defendant Agua Caliente Band had a duty to disclose the late in-kind contribution in a late contribution report that was required to be filed with the Secretary of State no later than October 30, 1998. Defendant Agua Caliente Band did not disclose the \$8,820.00 late in-kind contribution in a late contribution report filed with the Secretary of State by the October 30, 1998 due date, in violation of Government Code section 84203, subdivision (a).
- 58. Under the Act's campaign reporting scheme, late contribution reports provide critical information to the public and the voters regarding 11th-hour efforts to influence an election through large contributions just before an election. By Defendant Agua Caliente Band's actions, the public and the voters were deprived of this critical information prior to the November 1998 general election.

FAILURE TO REPORT A \$642,871.43 LATE CONTRIBUTION BY OCTOBER 31, 1998

- 59. On or about October 30, 1998, Defendant Agua Caliente Band made a late in-kind contribution of \$642,871.43 to the committee, Yes on Proposition 5, Californians for Indian Self-Reliance.
- 60. After making the \$642,871.43 late in-kind contribution, Defendant Agua Caliente Band had a duty to disclose the late in-kind contribution in a late contribution report that was required to be filed with the Secretary of State no later than October 31, 1998. Defendant Agua Caliente Band did not disclose the \$642,871.43 late in-kind contribution in a late contribution report filed with the Secretary of State by the October 31, 1998 due date, in violation of Government Code section 84203, subdivision (a).

61. Under the Act's campaign reporting scheme, late contribution reports provide critical information to the public and the voters regarding 11th-hour efforts to influence an election through large contributions just before an election. By Defendant Agua Caliente Band's actions, the public and the voters were deprived of this critical information prior to the November 1998 general election.

FAILURE TO REPORT A \$20,000.00 LATE CONTRIBUTION BY NOVEMBER 3, 1998

- 62. Carl Washington for Assembly was, at all times relevant herein, a candidate-controlled committee supporting the election of Carl Washington to the state Assembly in the November 1998 general election.
- 63. On or about November 2, 1998, Defendant Agua Caliente Band made a late contribution of \$20,000.00 to the committee, Carl Washington for Assembly.
- 64. After making the \$20,000.00 late contribution, Defendant Agua Caliente Band had a duty to disclose the late contribution in a late contribution report that was required to be filed with the Secretary of State no later than November 3, 1998. Defendant Agua Caliente Band did not disclose the \$20,000.00 late contribution in a late contribution report filed with the Secretary of State by the November 3, 1998 due date, in violation of Government Code section 84203, subdivision (a).
- 65. Under the Act's campaign reporting scheme, late contribution reports provide critical information to the public and the voters regarding 11th-hour efforts to influence an election through large contributions just before an election. By Defendant Agua Caliente Band's actions, the public and the voters were deprived of this critical information prior to the November 1998 general election.

FAILURE TO REPORT A \$10,000.00 LATE CONTRIBUTION BY MARCH 2, 2001

- 66. The late contribution reporting period for the March 6, 2001 special election was from February 18, 2001 through March 5, 2001, inclusive.
- 67. The California State Democratic Central Committee was, at all times relevant herein, a state general-purpose committee within the meaning of the Act.
- 68. On or about March 1, 2001, Defendant Agua Caliente Band made a late contribution of \$10,000.00 to the California State Democratic Central Committee.
- 69. After making the \$10,000.00 late contribution, Defendant Agua Caliente Band had a duty to disclose the late contribution in a late contribution report that was required to be filed with the

Secretary of State no later than March 2, 2001. Defendant Agua Caliente Band did not disclose the \$10,000.00 late contribution in a late contribution report filed with the Secretary of State by the March 2, 2001 due date, in violation of Government Code section 84203, subdivision (a).

70. Under the Act's campaign reporting scheme, late contribution reports provide critical information to the public and the voters regarding 11th-hour efforts to influence an election through large contributions just before an election. By Defendant Agua Caliente Band's actions, the public and the voters were deprived of this critical information prior to the March 2001 special election.

FAILURE TO REPORT A \$10,000.00 LATE CONTRIBUTION BY OCTOBER 26, 2001

- 71. The late contribution reporting period for the November 6, 2001 general election was from October 21, 2001 through November 5, 2001, inclusive.
- 72. California Voter Registration 2002 was, at all times relevant herein, a state general-purpose committee within the meaning of the Act.
- 73. On or about October 25, 2001, Defendant Agua Caliente Band made a late contribution of \$10,000.00 to California Voter Registration 2002.
- 74. After making the \$10,000.00 late contribution, Defendant Agua Caliente Band had a duty to disclose the late contribution in a late contribution report that was required to be filed with the Secretary of State no later than October 26, 2001. Defendant Agua Caliente Band did not disclose the \$10,000.00 late contribution in a late contribution report filed with the Secretary of State by the October 26, 2001 due date, in violation of Government Code section 84203, subdivision (a).
- 75. Under the Act's campaign reporting scheme, late contribution reports provide critical information to the public and the voters regarding 11th-hour efforts to influence an election through large contributions just before an election. By Defendant Agua Caliente Band's actions, the public and the voters were deprived of this critical information prior to the November 2001 general election.

FAILURE TO REPORT A \$10,000.00 LATE CONTRIBUTION BY FEBRUARY 22, 2002

- 76. The late contribution reporting period for the March 5, 2002 primary election was from February 17, 2002 through March 4, 2002, inclusive.
- 77. The California Empowerment Project was, at all times relevant herein, a state general-purpose committee within the meaning of the Act.

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the voters were deprived of this critical information prior to the March 2002 primary election.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(FOUR VIOLATIONS-FAILURE TO REPORT SPECIFIC LOBBYING INTERESTS)

- 85. Plaintiff re-alleges, and incorporates herein, paragraphs one through eighty-four, as though set forth at length.
 - 86. Pursuant to Government Code section 86116, Defendant Agua Caliente Band, as a "lobbyist employer," was required by Government Code section 86116 to file periodic reports with the Secretary of State. Under subdivision (d) of Government Code section 86116, said periodic reports are required to include a "description of the specific lobbying interests" of Defendant Agua Caliente Band. Said description must include the identification number or a brief description of each bill and/or administrative action that is the subject of lobbying efforts on behalf of Defendant Agua Caliente Band. FAILURE TO DISCLOSE SPECIFIC LOBBYING INTERESTS IN THE QUARTERLY LOBBYIST EMPLOYER REPORT FILED ON APRIL 26, 2001
 - 87. On April 26, 2001, Defendant Agua Caliente Band filed a quarterly lobbyist employer report with the Secretary of State for the reporting period January 1, 2001 through March 31, 2001.
 - 88. In the quarterly lobbyist employer report that it filed with the Secretary of State on April 26, 2001, Defendant Agua Caliente Band failed to include a description of its specific lobbying interests, in violation of Government Code section 86116, subdivision (d).
 - 89. Because Defendant Agua Caliente Band failed to disclose the specific lobbying interests toward which it focused its lobbying efforts, as required by Government Code section 86116, subdivision (d), the voters of the State of California were unable to correlate Defendant Agua Caliente Band's campaign contribution information with the interests being lobbied by Defendant Agua Caliente Band.

FAILURE TO DISCLOSE SPECIFIC LOBBYING INTERESTS IN THE QUARTERLY LOBBYIST EMPLOYER REPORT FILED ON JULY 24, 2001

- 90. On July 24, 2001, Defendant Agua Caliente Band filed a quarterly lobbyist employer report with the Secretary of State for the reporting period April 1, 2001 through June 30, 2001.
 - 91. In the quarterly lobbyist employer report that it filed with the Secretary of State on

July 24, 2001, Defendant Agua Caliente Band failed to include a description of its specific lobbying
interests, in violation of Government Code section 86116, subdivision (d).

92. Because Defendant Agua Caliente Band failed to disclose the specific lobbying interests toward which it focused its lobbying efforts, as required by Government Code section 86116, subdivision (d), the voters of the State of California were unable to correlate Defendant Agua Caliente Band's campaign contribution information with the interests being lobbied by Defendant Agua Caliente Band.

FAILURE TO DISCLOSE SPECIFIC LOBBYING INTERESTS IN THE QUARTERLY LOBBYIST EMPLOYER REPORT FILED ON OCTOBER 16, 2001

- 93. On October 16, 2001, Defendant Agua Caliente Band filed a quarterly lobbyist employer report with the Secretary of State for the reporting period July 1, 2001 through September 30, 2001.
- 94. In the quarterly lobbyist employer report that it filed with the Secretary of State on October 16, 2001, Defendant Agua Caliente Band failed to include a description of its specific lobbying interests, in violation of Government Code section 86116, subdivision (d).
- 95. Because Defendant Agua Caliente Band failed to disclose the specific lobbying interests toward which it focused its lobbying efforts, as required by Government Code section 86116, subdivision (d), the voters of the State of California were unable to correlate Defendant Agua Caliente Band's campaign contribution information with the interests being lobbied by Defendant Agua Caliente Band.

FAILURE TO DISCLOSE SPECIFIC LOBBYING INTERESTS IN THE QUARTERLY LOBBYIST EMPLOYER REPORT FILED ON JANUARY 9, 2002

- 96. On January 9, 2002, Defendant Agua Caliente Band filed a quarterly lobbyist employer report with the Secretary of State for the reporting period October 1, 2001 through December 31, 2001.
- 97. In the quarterly lobbyist employer report that it filed with the Secretary of State on January 9, 2002, Defendant Agua Caliente Band failed to include a description of its specific lobbying interests, in violation of Government Code section 86116, subdivision (d).
- 98. Because Defendant Agua Caliente Band failed to disclose the specific lobbying interests toward which it focused its lobbying efforts, as required by Government Code section 86116,

1 subdivision (d), the voters of the State of California were unable to correlate Defendant Agua Caliente 2 Band's campaign contribution information with the interests being lobbied by Defendant Agua Caliente 3 Band. Had Defendant Agua Caliente Band accurately reported its specific lobbying interests as 4 required by the statute, the public would have been informed of its activities in lobbying the Governor's 5 office, the Attorney General's office, and the Legislature concerning numerous bills pertaining to issues 6 including, but not limited to, gaming, internet gambling, sacred lands and other issues. 7 PRAYER FOR RELIEF 8 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendants as follows: 9 FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION 10 1. For statutory penalties against Defendant Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians, 11 payable to the "General Fund of the State of California," according to proof, in an amount up to the 12 amount not properly reported, as permitted by Government Code section 91004; 13 2. For the costs of suit herein: 3. 14 For such other and further relief as the Court may deem proper.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

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- 1. For statutory penalties against Defendant Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians, payable to the "General Fund of the State of California," according to proof, in an amount up to the amount not properly reported, as permitted by Government Code section 91004;
- 2. For an injunction commanding that Defendant Agua Caliente Band of Mission Indians immediately file an amended, accurate semi-annual campaign statement for the reporting period January 1, 2002 through June 30, 2002;
 - 3. For the costs of suit herein:
 - 4. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem proper.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

- 1. For statutory penalties against Defendant Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians, payable to the "General Fund of the State of California," according to proof, in an amount up to the amount not properly reported, as permitted by Government Code section 91004;
 - 2. For the costs of suit herein:

1	3.	For such other and further relief as	the Court may deem proper.	
2	FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION			
3	1.	1. For statutory penalties against Defendant Agua Caliente Band of Mission Indians,		
4	payable to the "General Fund of the State of California," according to proof, in an amount up to five			
5	thousand dollars (\$5,000) per violation, as permitted by Government Code section 91005.5;			
6	2.	2. For an injunction commanding that Defendant Agua Caliente Band of Mission Indians		
7	immediately file in the verified form specified by Commission regulations, accurate amended lobbyis			
8	employer statements for 2001;			
9	3.	For the costs of suit herein;		
10	4. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem proper.			
11			STEVEN BENITO RUSSO	
12			Chief of Enforcement LUISA MENCHACA	
13			General Counsel WILLIAM L. WILLIAMS, JR.	
14			Commission Counsel HOLLY B. ARMSTRONG	
15			Commission Counsel Attorneys for Plaintiff	
16				
17	Dated: Octob	per, 2002	By:Steven Benito Russo	
18			Chief of Enforcement	
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